



Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameter	MAX.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	75	mW	
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA	
Peak Forward Current*3	1.0	A	
Reverse Voltage 5		V	
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)*4	4000	V	
Operating Temperature -40 to +85		5	
Storage Temperature	-40°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [2mm From Body]	260 for 3 Seconds		
Lead Soldering Temperature [5mm From Body]	260 for 5 Seconds		

1. Storage:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

2. Precautions in handling:

- When soldering, leave 2mm of minimum clearance from the resin to the soldering point.
- Dipping the resin to solder must be avoided.
- Correcting the soldered position after soldering must be avoided.
- In soldering, do not apply any stress to the lead frame particularly when heated.
- When forming a lead, make sure not to apply any stress inside the resin.
- Lead forming must be done before soldering.
- It is necessary to cut the lead frame at normal temperature.

3. Peak Forward Current:

4. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Part No.	LG-355IR2C94A-928	Page	3 of 9
----------	-------------------	------	--------





Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Radiant Intensity	Ie	0.64	1.12		mW/sr	I _F =5mA (Note 1,3)
	1/2		20		Deg.	(Note 2)
						_F =5mA
Spectral Line Half- Width			50		nm	I _F =5mA

Forward Voltage V_F --- 1.2 1.5 V I_F =5mA





Infrared Emitting Diode Specification

- ●Commodity: Infrared emitting diode
 - Radiant Intensity Bin Limits (IF=5mA)

BIN CODE	Min.(mW/sr)	Max. (mW/sr)
X7	0.64	0.77
X8	0.77	0.92
X9	0.92	1.10
X10	1.10	1.30
X11	1.30	1.55
X12	1.55	1.85

NOTE: The Ie guarantee should be added $\pm 15\%$ tolerance.

Part No. LG-355	IR2C94A-928	Page	5 of 9
-----------------	-------------	------	--------



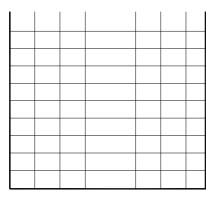


Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.1 Spectral Distrbution

Relative Radiant Intensity

Relative Radiant Intensity IF=50mA



Wavelength

Fig.5 Relative Radiant Intensity
Vs Forward Current

Forward Current

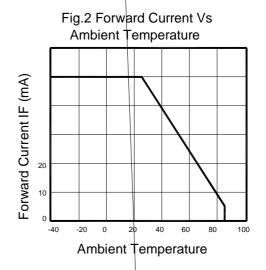


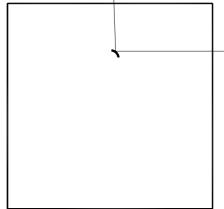
Fig.4 Relative Radiant Intensity
Vs Ambient Temperature

White Property of the Property of the

Ambient Temperature

Fig.6 Radiation Diagram

Relative Radiant Intensity

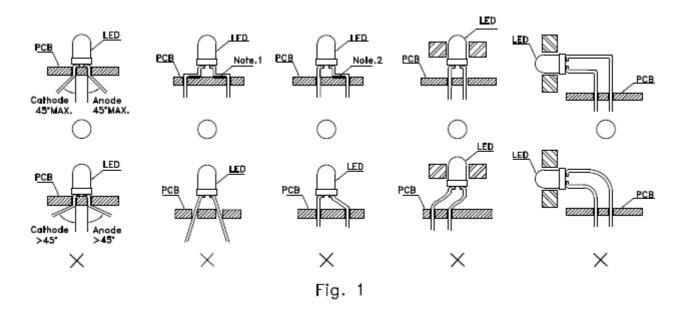






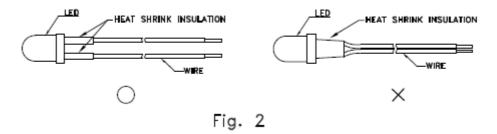
LED MOUNTING METHOD

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures (Fig.1).

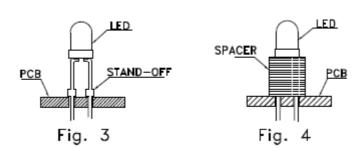


Note 1-2: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the lead frame and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit (Fig.2).



3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



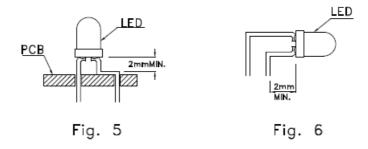
Part No. LG-355IR2C94A-928 Page 7 of 9
--



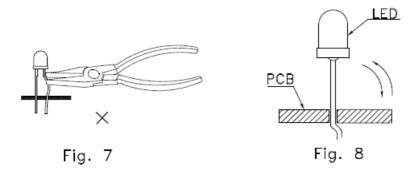


LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

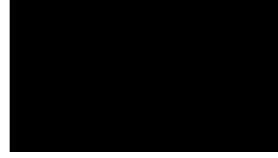
1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (Fig.5 and Fig.6).

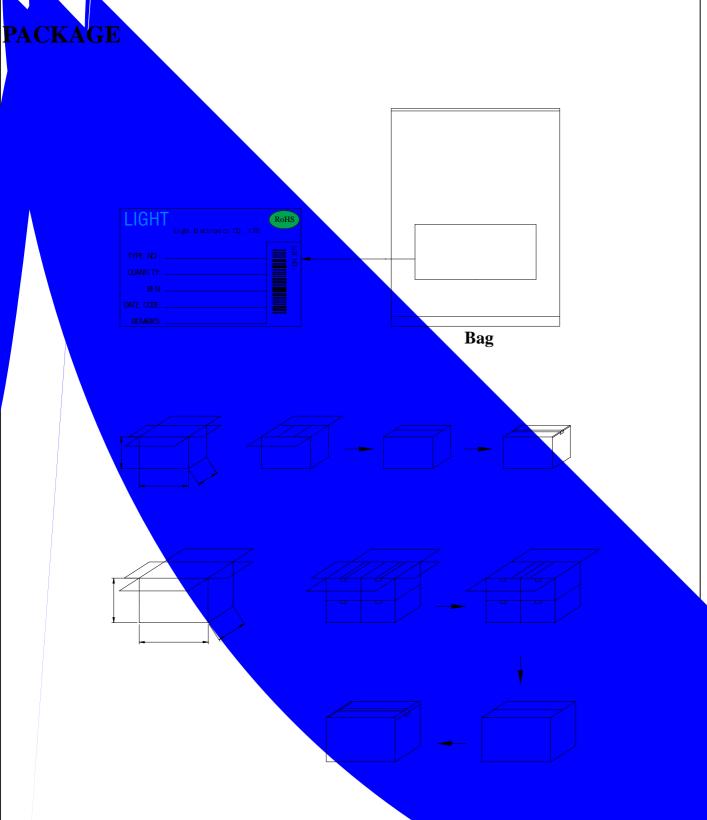


- 2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after soldering.
- 3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.
- 4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB (Fig.7).
- 5. Do not bend the leads more than twice(Fig.8)



6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to 50 before applying force (Fig.9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with LIGHT representative for proper handling procedures.





Bag minimum volume	Bag volume	Inner box volume	Outer carton volume
(pcs / Bag)	(pcs / Bag)	(Bag / box)	(Box / Carton)
500	1000	10	4

Part No.	LG-355IR2C94A-928	Page	9 of 9
----------	-------------------	------	--------